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# TECHNICAL REPORT



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**Environmental conditions – Vibration and shock of electrotechnical equipment –  
Part 3: Equipment transported in rail vehicles**

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
COMMISSION

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS –  
VIBRATION AND SHOCK OF ELECTROTECHNICAL EQUIPMENT –****Part 3: Equipment transported in rail vehicles**

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IEC/TR 62131-3, which is a technical report, has been prepared by IEC technical committee 104: Environmental conditions, classification and methods of test.

The text of this technical report is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
104/508/DTR	104/537/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical report can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. A list of all the parts in the IEC 62131 series, under the general title *Environmental conditions – Vibration and shock of electrotechnical equipment*, can be found on the IEC website.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this standard may be issued at a later date.

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# ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS – VIBRATION AND SHOCK OF ELECTROTECHNICAL EQUIPMENT –

## Part 3: Equipment transported in rail vehicles

### 1 Scope

IEC/TR 62131-3, which is a technical report, reviews the available dynamic data relating to electrotechnical equipment transported by rail vehicles. The intent is that from all the available data an environmental description will be generated and compared to that set out in IEC 60721.

For each of the sources identified the quality of the data is reviewed and checked for self consistency. The process used to undertake this check of data quality and that used to intrinsically categorize the various data sources is set out in IEC/TR 62131-1.

This technical report primarily addresses data extracted from a number of different sources for which reasonable confidence exist as to their quality and validity. The assessment also presents data for which the quality and validity cannot realistically be reviewed. These data are included to facilitate validation of information from other sources. The report clearly indicates when it utilizes information in this latter category.

This technical report addresses vibration and shock data from three different measurement exercises, i.e. one on the UK rail system and two on the USA rail system. Although one of these relates to a multimodal system in limited use world wide, data from it are included to facilitate validation of information from other sources. The vast majority of the rail measurements reviewed are from the USA and the remainder from Western Europe. Some of the data sources considered indicate the inclusion of some quite old vehicles. It has not been possible to identify the rail data considered in setting the existing IEC 60721 severities.

Although the majority of the measurement exercises considered in this technical report supplied both vibration and shock information, a number of measurement exercises are biased towards the shock conditions of rail transportation. The severity and incidence of shocks is mostly related to the occurrence shunting of individual wagons. The occurrence of shunting of individual wagons is in turn dependant upon the operational strategy adopted by the national rail systems. A significant number of rail systems no longer adopt methods of operation which assemble train sets when the wagons are carrying sophisticated goods (carriage of bulky raw minerals is a common exception). Other rail systems purposely utilize good quality wagons and/or procedures of operation to significantly mitigate shunting loads. These strategies are intended to minimize shock severities for sensitive equipment such as electrotechnical equipment.

Relatively little of the data reviewed have been available in electronic form. To permit comparison a quantity of the original (non-electronic) data have been manually digitized in this technical report.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2 (all parts), *Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests*

IEC 60721 (all parts), *Classification of environmental conditions*

IEC 60721-3 (all parts), *Classification of environmental conditions – Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities*

IEC 60721-3-2:1997, *Classification of environmental conditions – Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities – Section 2: Transportation*

IEC/TR 60721-4-2, *Classification of environmental conditions – Part 4-2: Guidance for the correlation and transformation of environmental condition classes of IEC 60721-3 to the environmental tests of IEC 60068 – Transportation*